पुरितका में पृष्ठों की संख्या-16 No. of pages in Booklet -16 पुस्तिका में प्रश्नों की संख्या-100 No. of Questions in Booklet -100 Subject Code - 02 विषय / SUBJECT ; Civil

NEAP-81

PAPER-II

Question Paper Booklet प्रश्न-पत्र पुरितका संख्य अधिकतम अंक : 200

Maximum Marks: 200

समय : 2.00 घण्टे Time: 2.00 Hours

प्रश्न-पत्र पुस्तिका एवं उत्तर पत्रक के पेपर सील/पॉलिधीन बैग को खोलने पर परीक्षार्थी यह सुनिश्चित कर लें कि उसके प्रश्न-पत्र पुस्तिका पर वही प्रश्न-पत्र पुरितका संख्या अधिक है जे पुरितका संख्या अंकित है जो उत्तर पत्रक क पपर सील/पोलिधीन बैग को खोलने पर परीक्षाधी यह सुनिश्चित कर लें कि उसके प्रश्न-पत्र पुरितका पर वहा है. की होगी।

The candidate should ensure that Question Paper Booklet No. of the Question Paper Booklet and Answer Sheet must be same after opening the Paper Sould and Answer Sheet must be same after opening the Paper Seal/ polythene bag. In case they are different, a candidate must obtain another Question Paper from the Invigilator. Candidate himself chall be a seal of the Paper Seal of the Invigilator. himself shall be responsible for ensuring this.

## परीक्षार्थियों के लिए निर्देश

Engineering

- सभी प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए।
- 2. सभी पश्नों के अंक समान हैं।
- प्रत्येक प्रश्न का केवल एक ही उत्तर दीजिए।
- एक से अधिक उत्तर देने की दशा में प्रश्न के उत्तर को गलत माना
- प्रत्येक प्रश्न के बार वैकल्पिक उत्तर दिये गये हैं, जिन्हें क्रमशः 1, 2, 4 अंकित किया गया है। अभ्यर्थी को सही उत्तर निर्दिष्ट करते हुए जनमें से केवल एक गोले अधवा बबल को उत्तर पत्रक पर **नीले बॉल** प्वॉइंट पेन से गहरा करना है।
- OMR उत्तर पत्रक इस परीक्षा पुस्तिका के साथ रखा है। जब आपको परीक्षा पुस्तिका खोलने को कहा जाए, तो उत्तर पत्रक निकाल कर ध्यान से केवल नीले बॉल प्वॉइंट पेन से विवरण भरें। OMR उत्तर पत्रक पर प्रश्न-पत्र पुरितका संख्या ध्यानपूर्वक मरें।
- प्रत्येक गलत उत्तर के लिए प्रश्न अंक का 1/3 भाग काटा जायेगा। (गलत उत्तर से तात्पर्य अगुद्ध उत्तर अथवा किसी भी प्रश्न के एक से अधिक उत्तर से हैं। किसी भी प्रश्न से संबंधित गोले या बबल को खाली छोड़ना गलत उत्तर नहीं माना जायेगा।)
- मोबाइल फोन अथवा इलेक्ट्रॉनिक यंत्र का परीक्षा हॉल में प्रयोग पूर्णतया वर्जित है। यदि किसी अभ्यर्थी के पास ऐसी कोई वर्जित सामग्री मिलती है, तो उसके विरुद्ध आयोग द्वारा नियमानुसार कार्यवाही की जायेगी।
- 9. कृपया अपना रोल नम्बर ओ.एम.आर. पत्रक पर सावधानीपूर्वक सही भरें। गलत अथवा अपूर्ण रोल नम्बर भरने पर 5 अंक कुल प्राप्तांकों में से कार्ट जा सकते हैं।
- 10. यदि किसी प्रश्न में किसी प्रकार की कोई मुद्रण या तथ्यात्मक प्रकार की बुटि हो तो प्रश्न के हिन्दी तथा अंग्रेजी रूपान्तरों में से अंग्रेजी रूपान्तर मान्य होगा।

चेतावनीः अपर कोई अध्यर्थी नकल करते पकड़ा जाता है या उसके बताबना के बनिधकृत सामग्री पाई जाती है, उस अभ्यर्थी के विरुद्ध पास से कोई अनिधकृत सामग्री पाई जाती है, उस अभ्यर्थी के विरुद्ध पास स कार ज निर्देश कराते हुए विविध नियमों-प्रावधानों के तहत पुरलस्त न अन्वास्त्रात्वा साथ ही विभाग ऐसे अभ्यर्थी को नविष्य में होने कार्यवाही की जाएगी। साथ ही विभाग ऐसे अभ्यर्थी को नविष्य में होने कायवाहा का जार समस्त परीक्षाओं से विवर्जित कर सकता है। वाली विभाग की समस्त परीक्षाओं से विवर्जित कर सकता है।

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR CANDIDATES

- Answer all questions.
- All questions carry equal marks.
- Only one answer is to be given for each question.
- If more than one answers are marked, it would be treated as wrong answer.
- Each question has four alternative responses marked serially as 1, 2, 3, 4. You have to darken only one circle or bubble indicating the correct answer on the Answer Sheet using BLUE BALL POINT PEN.
- The OMR Answer Sheet is kept with this Test Booklet. When you are directed to open the Test Booklet, take out the Answer Sheet and fill in the particulars carefully with blue ball point pen only. Please fill the Question Paper Booklet no. on the OMR Answer Sheet carefully.
- 1/3 part of the mark(s) of each question will be deducted for each wrong answer. (A wrong answer means an incorrect answer or more than one answers for any question. Leaving all the relevant circles or bubbles of any question blank will not be considered as wrong answer.)
- 8. Mobile Phone or any other electronic gadget in the examination hall is strictly prohibited. A candidate found with any of such objectionable materials with him/her will
- be strictly dean as per tone Roll Number in O.M.R. Sheet, Please correctly in your for filling wrong or incomplete.

  5 Marks can be deducted for filling wrong or incomplete
- Roll Number.

  10. If there is any sort of ambiguity/mistake either of printing If there is any sort or annual Hindi and English Version of Factual nature then out of Hindi and English Version of or factual nature then out to Version will be treated as

Warning: If a candidate is found copying or if any unauthorized material found in his/her possession, F.I.R. would be lodged against him/her possession Station and he/she would link possession, F.I.R. would he/she would liable to be in the Police Station and may also debar him/her permanently from all future examinations, s.

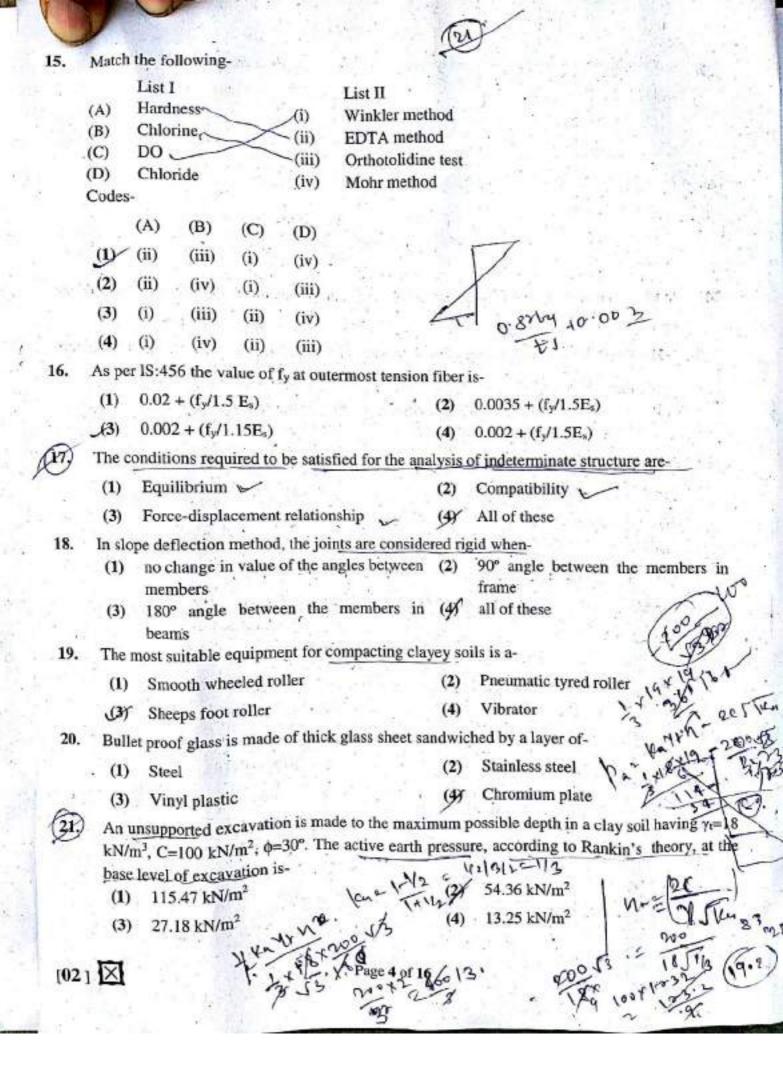
इस परीक्षा पस्तिका को तब तक न खोलें जब तक कहा न जाए।

Do not open this Test Booklet until you are asked to do so.

## CIVIL ENGINEERING

1.	The	irain which is provided parallel to roady	vay to inte	rcept and divert the water from hill slope
	is-			
1	(1)	Sloping drain	(2)	Catch water drain
•	435	Side drain	(4)	Cross drain
2.	Interr	nediate vertical stiffeners in plate girde	rs are use	
	(1)	Prevent local buckling of the web	(2)	
٠,	(3)	Prevent excessive deflection	(4)	
				web
(3)	Conto	our lines can unite only in one condition	that is-	
-	(1)	Cave _>e	(2)	Valley ~
	= 2325	Vertical cliff	(4)	
4.		나 없는 것이 모든 아이들이 나를 다 되었다.	The state of the s	River bed >
	is abo	ut-	orceu cor	umn as compared to that of a tied column
	(1)	5% less	, (2)	10% less
33	(3)	5% more	(4)	10% more
5.	The co	der the following statements :  oefficient of permeability 'K' depends  Void ratio of the soil   Duration of flow	upon-	#= USLYA e3.
	(iii) (iv)	Shape of the particle	Yes.	
14	100000	h of the above statement is correct?		
	(1)	i, ii, iii, iv	(2)	ii & iii only-c
	(3)	i, iii & iv only	(4)	iii & iv only ≻
6.	The w	indow provided on the sloping roof of	a building	is called-
	(1)	Dormer window	(2)	Bay window
	135	Sky light window	(4)	Glazed window
7.	A sur	vey done to understand the heavenly boo		OWn as-
The same	(1)	Celestial survey	128	Astronomical survey
	(3)	Photographic survey	(4)	Aerial survey
	Was etc.			

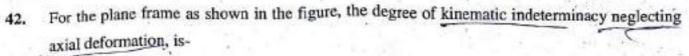
(1)	matic bar when subjected to pure bending Catenary	(2)	Cubic parabola
(3)	Quadratic parabola	(4)	Arc of circle
A syr	nmetrical channel section is made of a ma	aterial	(4)
	ression. It is used as a simply supported b		
4	It will be-	W.	
(1)	Strongest if the web is used as a top face	(2)	Strongest if the web is use
72			bottom face
- (3)	Equally strong in (1) and (2)	(4)	Not possible to state which
		100	above statement is correct
Asse	rtion A: According to IS: 456; over reinford	ced sec	tions are not permitted
Reas	on R: There is ductile failure of over reinfo	rced se	ection.
Sele	et your answer based on the coding system g	iven b	elow-
(1)	Both A and R are true and R is the correct	(2)	Both A and R are true and R is
	explanation of A		correct explanation of A
(3)	A is true but R is false	(4)	A is false but R is true
The	phenomenon of decreased resistance of mate	erial du	e to reversal of stress is called-
. (1)	Creep	(25	Fatigue
(3)	Resilience	(4)	Plasticity
Resi	ns are-	-	
+ +	Not soluble in water >	(2)	Soluble in spirit
(1)		(4)	Left behind on evaporation of
sar.	Used in Varnishes		
sar.	Used in Varnishes - two main gases obtained from anaerobic dec	ompos	ition are-
sar.	two main gases obtained from anaerobic dec Ammonia and CO <sub>2</sub> .~	(2)	ition are- CO <sub>2</sub> & CH <sub>4</sub>
(3) The (1)	two main gases obtained from anaerobic dec Ammonia and CO <sub>2</sub> . ≺ CH <sub>4</sub> & Hydrogen sulphide	(2)	ition are- CO <sub>2</sub> & CH <sub>4</sub> Ammonia and CH <sub>4</sub>
(3) The (1)	two main gases obtained from anaerobic dec Ammonia and CO <sub>2</sub> .~	(2)	ition are- CO <sub>2</sub> & CH <sub>4</sub> Ammonia and CH <sub>4</sub>
(3) The (1)	two main gases obtained from anaerobic dec Ammonia and CO <sub>2</sub> . ≺ CH <sub>4</sub> & Hydrogen sulphide	(2)	ition are- CO <sub>2</sub> & CH <sub>4</sub> Ammonia and CH <sub>4</sub>
(1) (1) (3) (1) (3)	two main gases obtained from anaerobic dec Ammonia and CO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>4</sub> & Hydrogen sulphide radius of curvature of a simple curve is 229.2	(2) (4) 2 m, th	CO <sub>2</sub> & CH <sub>4</sub> Ammonia and CH <sub>4</sub> en its degree of curvature is-



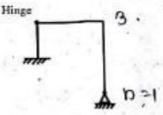
22.	A bea	m of uniform strength contains same-		I T
	(1)	Bending Moment	(2)	Bending stress war 2 5 Pe
	(3)	Deflection •o	(4)	Stiffnessy
23.	The v	ertical member used in door frame is called	1	
	ar	Post	(2)	Hanging style
1	(3)	Sill	(4)	Rail
(24)	In the	simplified design of angle iron purlins, whi	ch one	of the following assumption would no
~	be ya			the following the 1920 to
45	(1)	Load component acting normal to the slope is considered	(2)	Bending moment about the minor axis is considered
慢	43)	Allowable bending stress is not reduced	(4)	Slope of the roof should not exceed
25.	Cons	sider the following impurities-	1	en la secola de la secola de la companiona
	(i)	CO <sub>2</sub> and H <sub>2</sub> S		
- 176	(ii)	Finely divided suspended matter		
	(iii)	Disease causing bacteria		
	(iv)	Excess alkalinity	1	
	The	correct sequence of the removal of these im	puritié	s in a water treatment plant is-
	(I)	(i) (ii) (iii) (iv)	(2)	(i) (iv) (iii) (ii)
	(3)	(i) (iv) (ii) (iii)	(4)	(iv) (i) (iii) (ii)
26	Neor	orene is suitable for use in-	17.	
	a	· Joinery work ·	(2)	Floors of dance halls
	(3)	Bearing of bridges -	145	Hard duty rubber coating of floors
27.	Drop	os are provided in flat slabs to resist-		
4	(1)	thrust	(2)	bending moment
0.	(3)	torsion	(4)	shear
	e		,	

28.	List	I lists tools/in	struments	while List	II lists	the method of surv	eying. Match	the
	tool/	instrument with t List I	he correspo	5538	d of su	rveying.		
	P. Q. R. S.	Alidade Arrow- Bubble tube- Stadia hair- P Q	(i) (iii) (iii) R S	Levellin ) Plane tal	g ble surv	veying		
, T	(1)	41114	(i) (iv)					
	(2)	200	(iii) (i)				Band Head	
	(3)	en en	(iv) (iii)					
-	45	ettis	(ii) (iv)				9	
29.	A cat				icient o	f 0.40. If a storm of int	V	
	durati	ion longer than t	he time of	concentration	Occurs	s in the catchment, then	ensity 3 cm/h an	d
	disch	arge?	On=	a cin	Coccurs	om the catchment, then	what is the pea	k
3	ar	2.0 m <sup>3</sup> /s	de	Boxbo.	X30	3.5 m <sup>3</sup> /s	alv.	
	(3)	4.5 m <sup>3</sup> /s		Kox60.	(4)	2.5 m <sup>3</sup> /s		
30.	The p	roperty of the ing	gredients to	separate fron	n each c	other while placing the		
	(1)	Segregation			(2)	Compaction .	oncrete is called	-
	(3)	Shrinkage			(4)	Bulking	· 类。	
31.	The fi	rst observation to	aken on tun	ning point is-				
	(1)	Back sight			(2)	Foresight		
~	(3)	Intermediate sig	tht		(4)	None of the above		1
32.)	The P	ensky-Martens a	pparatus are	e used for con	ducting	g the test on bitumen for	7,07,10	
	AT	Fire point			(2)	Ductility w	testing-	
	(3)	Viscosity A			(4)	Penetration	STORT TWO THE -	
33.	Undis	turbed tests are re	equired for	conducting-		eranami rije.	A Comment	
	(1)	Hydrometer Tes	it ≁.		(2)	Shrinkage Limit Test	134 %	
	(3)	Consolidation T	est 🔛	A	145	Specific Gravity Test		
14.	The st	andard meridian	of India is-	1 1		rest charty lest	the later of	
	(1)	35°			(2)	82°30'		
	(3)	67°30'			(4)	120°	100	-62
21	VI			+17				
4	$\triangle$			Dane C. C.	+1		1	

35.	Lacus	trine soils are obtained from-		
4	(1)	River	(2)	Glaciers
X, II.	(3)	Sea	(4)	Lake beds
36	A was	te water sample of 2 ml is made upto 300	ml in	BOD bottle with distilled water Initial
		the sample is 8 mg/e and after 5 days it is		그 사람들은 회사 하는 사람들은 사람들이 가장 하면 하는 것이 하는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없어 없다.
	(1)	894 mg/l	(2)	What is its BOD? 6 % 366
2.5	(3)	300 mg/l	(4)	1200 mg/\$ = 900
(37.)	Khosl	a's formula for assessing pressure distribut	ion un	der weir floors are based on-
$\sim$	(1)	Potential flow in permeable layers just	4.13	
2.		beneath the floors	1	drop longitudinally
	(3)	Conformal transformation of potential	(4)	Simplification of 3-D flow
		flow into the W plane		
38.	When	(h) is the difference in heights between t	the ext	remities of a chain length (1) then the
	correc	ction for the slope required is-	1.07	
	(1)	h/0	(2)	h <sup>2</sup> /0
	135	h <sup>2</sup> /20	(4)	h/20 1
39.	Bulki	ng of sand is maximum if moisture content	is abo	ut-
	(1)	2%	(2)	4%
1	11.00	5%	(4)	10%
40.	Force	considered for the analysis of an eleme	ntary	profile of a gravity dam under empty
	reserv	oir condition are-	and the	
, 1 14	(1)	Uplift pressure x	(2)	Water pressure ×
	(3)	Self-weight -	(4)	Wave pressure ∾
41.	The w	vorking conditions in Imhoff tanks are-		
	(1)	aerobic only >>	(2)	anaerobic only
- 2	. (3)	aerobic in lower compartment and	(4)	anaerobic in lower compartment and
		anaerobic in upper compartment		aerobic in upper compartment







(1) 3

(2) 5

(3) 7

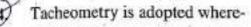
(4) 9

## 43. A bull nose brick is not used for-

- (1) Rounding off sharp corners
- (2) Pillars

(3) Decoration purpose >

(4) Arches to



- (1) Too many curves exists at the border
- (2) Obstacles, undulation exists
- (3) Limitation of space exists
- (4) None of the above
- 45. Which of the following sewage treatment methods has inherent problems of odour, ponding and fly nuisance?
  - (1) UASB system

(2) Activated sludge process

(3) Trickling filters

- (4) Stabilization ponds
- 46. In a transit theodolite, and incidental error due to eccentricity of Verniers is primarily encountered by-
  - (1) Reading both the verniers

- (2) Reading different part of main scale
- (3) Reading right and left faces
- (4) Taking both right swing readings
- 47. In case of two way slab, the limiting deflection of the slab is-
  - (1) Primarily a function of the long span
- (2) Primarily a function of the short span
- (3) Independent of long or short spans
- (4) Dependent on both long and short spans



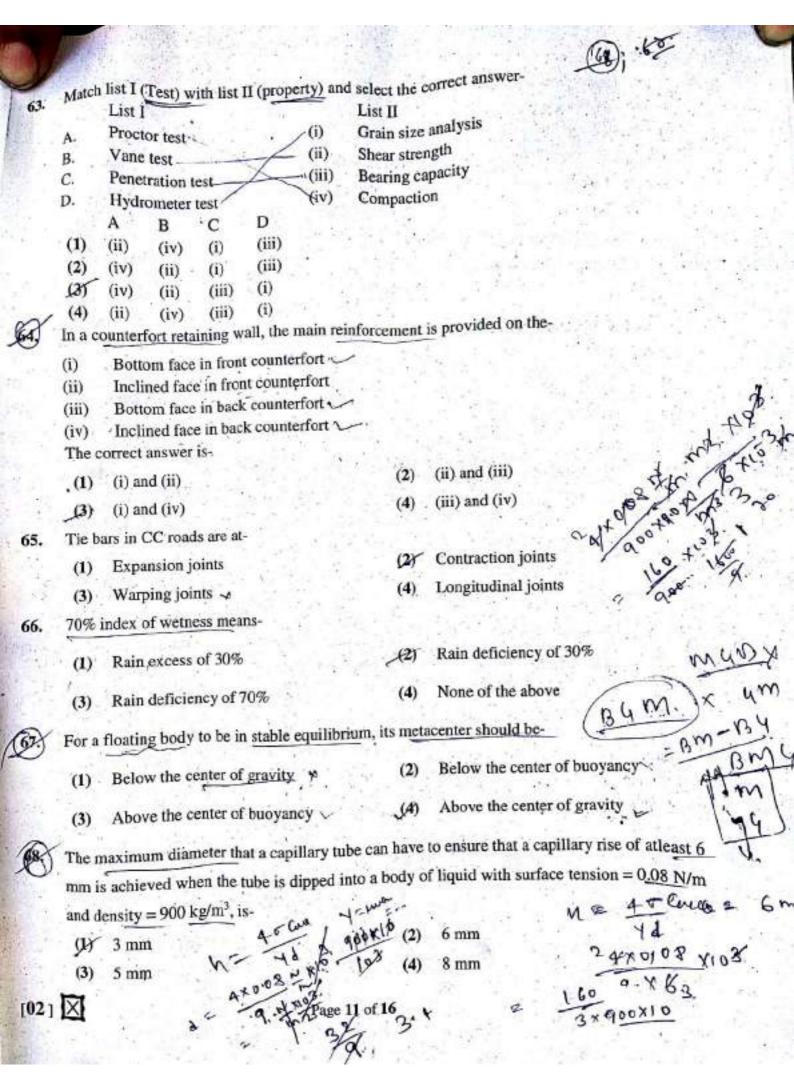
Maxwell's reciprocal theorem in structural analysis-

- is true for any structure obeying Hooke's (2)
- (2) can be applied to the rotations caused by flexure, shear or torsion
- (3) is useful in analyzing indeterminate (4) all of these structures.

[02]

12.11	1,2,160,9	the san the	hank of a an	1 4		all a modern	123,545	Nice.	- 113
49.		rson standing on the							
772	distu	rbances on the wat	er surface is	not travelli	ng ups	stream. This is	s because il	he flow in th	ne
M.	canal	is-					V	· Q2	2/2 p
	ar	Sub-critical	1.		(2)	Super-critica	1	011	02 9
	(3)	Steady			(4)	Uniform	7 = 6	H2 /	1410
(50.)	Two	beams of same ma	terial have e	qual cross-	section	nal area. If on	e beam has	6 1 cms	V43
		on and the other has					2000	Zaquare eros	Axa.
	(1)	Both the beam wi	A CALL TO THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF	11 6 94 50.5	(2)	Circular sect	ion will be	stronger	32
	(3)	Square section w	ill be stronger	CANS.	(4)	Strength condition ~		on loading	g +
51.	Cons	ider the following s	tatements-					The same of	1 4
	I-	The economic s	pacing of a	roof truss	depend	ds on cost of	purlins and	d cost of ro	of
1	Π-	Purlins provided	over roof tru	sses are des	signed	as a continuou	is as per IS:	800.	
-	Ш-	Bearing stiffener	s are provide	d in a plate	girder	to prevent we	b buckling.	X .	
		orrect statements a		18 L. S.	920	70.75			
7	(1)	I, II and III are co	orrect		(2)	Only I and II	I are correc	1	
8.8	(3)	II and III are corr	ect		(4)	I and II are c	orrect	1	
52.	Exce	ss of silica in the cl	ay-	g 1 1					
ď.	ar	Makes the brick l	orittle & weal	k a	(2)	Changes the to yellow	colour of b	rick from re	d
	(3)	Improves imperi of the brick	neability and	durability	(4)	Makes the b	rick crack	and wrap o	n
(53)	The to	endency of a stone	is, to split ale	ong-		200		- "	7 1
	(1)	Texture >	1 5 20 10	3.7	(2)	Fracture	781		
		Cleavage		(4)	(4)	Structure &			
54.	The P	.L. of the point 'A resight reading on	which is on the point 'B'	floor is 100 which is o	Om and on ceili	d back sight reing is 2,745m,	ading on 'A the R.L. of	is 2.445m point 'B' v	. If will
	be-		7.1	grate.	(2)	00.71	10	2.145	
	(1)	94.80 m		241	(2)	99.71 m	10.00	2. FT 1	5
	(3)	100,29 m			(4)	105.20 m		28.14	7.5
(58)	A pris	matic member wit	th area of cro	ss section	'A' is	subjected to	tensile lo	ad 'P', then	the
U		num shear stress ar	nd its inclinat	tion with th	e direc	ction of load re	espectively	are-	30
Se :	625				(2)	P/2A and 45	0	-FAT	1->
91	(1)	P/A and 60°		1	148	P/A and 45°		p-w	1,
	(3)	P/2A and 60°	100		2	s F		1	A
1		* * *	144		200				1
[02]	X	S. S. T.	I	Page 9 of 16			3 5	and the same	

~	The	following characteristics pertain to the sand	filters	used in the water industry:
(50)	T	Filtration rate is 1 to 4 m <sup>3</sup> /(m <sup>2</sup> day)		
	II.	Typical duration of operation in one run	is 24 t	o 7 <u>2 h</u> ours
14 =	III.	Operation cost is low	1	
26		ch of the above characteristics pertain to slo	(2)	I and II ←
		I, II and III	(4)	I and III
	(3)	II and III		
57.		common practice to design a highway to a		Peak hour
	ar	30 <sup>th</sup> hour	(2)	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR
	(3)	ADT	(4)	15-min peak hour
58.		er IRC guidelines for designing flexible pa	iveme	nts by CBR method, the load parameter
	requir	red is- EBR		
	(1)	number of commercial vehicles per day	(2)	cumulative standard axles in msa
- 3	(3)	equivalent single axle load	(4)	number of vehicles (all types) during
				design life
59.	As pe	r IS: 456-2000, the final deflection due to	all loa	ads including the effects of temperature,
	сгеер	and shrinkage and measured from the as-c	ast lev	el of the supports of floors, roofs and all
	other	horizontal members, should not normally e	exceed	State in the contract of the
	gr.	span/250	(2)	span/350
1	(3)	(IV)	×(4)	Both (2) and (3)
(60.)	A 8 ho	ours unit hydrograph of catchment is triang	ular in	shape with a base width of 64 hours and
0	peak o	ordinate of 20 m <sup>3</sup> /s. The equilibrium disch	arge of	f S-curve obtained by using this 8 hours
	unit hy	vdrograph is 20	hm	of the world
	(1)	60 m <sup>3</sup> /s m <sup>3</sup> /4	(2)	80 m3/s V= 1, 164 x 20 m3/h
	(8)	100 m³/s 64th	(4)	800 m <sup>3</sup> /s 20 × 3
61.	A foot	ing of 2m × 1m exerts a uniform pressur	e of 1	50 kN/m <sup>2</sup> on the soil. Assuming a load
	uispers	sion of 2 vertical to 1 northolital, the aver-	age ve	rtical stress (kN/m <sup>2</sup> ) at 1.0 m below the
	TOOTHIE	5,13 1	Service.	
	(1)	75 50	(2)	100 701
62.	1	rth pressure behind a bridge abutment is-	(4)	100
Sill -		Active	(2)	D. (1/2 2 1/2)
		At rest	. (2)	Passive
1	0)	Attes	(4)	Constant always and everywhere
21	3	Page 10 of 16		110×2 - 300 (6)
		- 4gc 10 01 10	BE.	(2+1)(++1) 6
GP10		THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY.		(+11)



69.	The	diameter of needle in Vicat apparatus for init	uai set	ing time is
09.	(1)	0.5 mm/	1-1	
5)	- 10.00		(4)	10 mm
70.	Asp	er IS:800, the maximum bending moment of	purlin	is-
	(1)	WL/6	(2)	WL/8
	(3)	WL/4	(4)	WL/10
5	30.0	Where-W = udl; L = Span of purlin		and the second second
GV	A tra	ffic rotary is justified where-		
43.	(1)	Number of intersecting roads is between 8 & 10	127	Space is limited and costly
	(3)	When traffic volume is > 6000 vehicles/hr	(4)	When traffic volume is having lowest limit of 500 vehicles per hour ~
72.	The o	overflowing sheet of water on a weir is calle	d-	
8	(1)	Head	127	Nappe
	(3)	Upstream 😾	(4)	Crest
(73)	Inap	plain concrete pedestal of M35 grade, the m	aximu	m bearing pressure at the base is found
, F.		40N/mm <sup>2</sup> . Find the depth of footing, if the p		
1,00	, (1)	3.1 m 350. 30°	(2)	2.6 m
Anti-	(3)		(4)	1.9 m
74.	Most	common method of pre-stressing used for fa	actory	
	(1)	Long line method	(2)	Freyssinet system
×	(3)	Magnel-Blaton system	(4)	Lee-McCall system 4-0 h
(75)	The w	indblown soils are associated with-		40 = (35)
	(1)	Alluvial soil	(2)	Lateritic soil $\times$
19	(3)	Loess -	(4)	Black Cotton soil >
76.	The d	etention time for a water sedimentation to	ınk usi	
	betwe		-	A CONTRACT OF THE
	(1)	1 to 2 hours	(2)	2 to 4 hours
	(3)	4 to 8 hours	(4)	16 to 24 hours
77.	The di	latancy correction in Standard Penetration	Test (S	
16		N' = 15 + (N - 15)	-	$N' = 15 + \frac{1}{2}(N - 15)$
	(3)	$N' = 15 + \frac{1}{2}(N - 10)$	(4)	N' = 15 + (N - 10)
102 - 1	ा			

Same.			
78.		elow t	he ground surface at which-
	(1) The local ground elevation is same	(2	
	— (3) The vertical stress is same	- 14	
79.		ue to-	and mying a
	(1) Chlorides	(2	) Fluorides
	(3) Nitrates	14	Culabidas
80.	In India which technology is highly adopted for	or fluor	ride removal?
	(1) Aeration 7	(2)	[10] [11] [12] [14] [14] [15] [16] [16] [16] [16] [16] [16] [16] [16
	(2) Nalgonda Method	(4)	5 - ANDERSON DE SERVERO ES COMPANSA DE CONTRA DE C
81.	RC - 2; MC-2 and SC-2 correspond to-		A
100	(1) Same viscosity	(2)	Viscosity in increasing order from
			RC-2 to SC-2
	(3) Viscosity in decreasing order from	(4)	
M	RC-2 to SC-2	37.6	School and Alexander Co.
182.	On a right angled road intersection with two wa	ay traff	ic, the total number of conflict points are
	(1) 32	(2)	16
10	(3) 24	(4)	4 57 3
83.	The shape factor of an isosceles triangle should	be-	
	(1) 1.5 - 10	(2)	1.7 ×
0	(3) 2.34	(4)	2 6.
(84)	The Reduced Levels (RLs) of the points P and	Q are -	+49,600 m and + 51, 870 m respectively.
1	Distance PQ is 20 m. The distance (in m from	P) at v	which the +51.00 m contour cuts the line
	PQ is-		the transfer cuts the line
	(1) 15.00 m	(2)	12.33 m
	(3) 3.52 m 🗢	(4)	2.27 m × 49.60. 200 1951
85.	The general requirement in constructing a reinf	orced c	concrete road is to place a single laver of
	reinforcement-		Paris Tomple Imyer of
	(1) · Near the bottom of the slab	(2)	Near the top of the slab
	(3) At the middle	(4)	Equally distributed at the top and the
	<b>*</b>		bottom 6.2 2.
86.	Hydraulic lime is obtained by-		30
152	(1) Fly ash №	125	Burning of kankar · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	(3) Red stone ×	(4)	Calcination of pure clay 3.
87.	Steps which are normally triangular in shape are	called	
		(2)	Radial steps X
	(1) Angular steps	P 38 83	
	(3) Winders	(4)	Spiral steps Y
88.	For a transition curve, the shape recommended b	y IRC	is-
	CANADA	(2)	Lemniscate
	(1) Spiral	(4)	Account of the contract of the
	(3) Cubic parabola	(4)	All of these
10211			
104	7 n == 13 of 16	)	The state of the s



- 89. Asphalt concrete is a mix comprising of-
  - (1) Fine aggregate, mineral filler and (2) Fine aggregate and bitumen bitumen
  - (3) Coarse aggregate, fine aggregate, mineral (4) Coarse aggregate, mineral filler and bitumen
- 90. For the overall cost of roof trusses to be minimum, the cost of trusses should be equal to
  - twice the cost of purlins plus the cost of (2) twice the cost of roof coverings plus the cost of purlins the cost of purlins
  - (3) the cost of roof coverings plus the cost of (4) twice the cost of purlins plus twice the purlins so

The intensity of u.d.l. which, when it acts over the entire span of 1m of a cantilever beam of rectangular cross-section of width of 100 mm and depth 200 m, would produce a maximum shear stress of 1.5 N/mm<sup>2</sup>, is-

- (1) 30 kN/m
- (3) 20 kN/m (4) 36.6 kN/m (2) 20.8 kV/m (2) (3) (4) 36.6 kN/m (4) 36.6 kN/m

For a road with camber of 3% and the design speed of 80 km/hr, the minimum radius of the curve beyond which no super-elevation is needed is  $(e + 1) = \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2$ 

(1) 1680 m

(2) 944 m

(3) 406 m

(4) 280 m

A horizontal water jet with a velocity of 10 m/s and cross-sectional area of 10 mm<sup>2</sup> strikes a flat plate held normal to the flow direction. The density of water is  $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ . The total force on the plate due to the jet is-

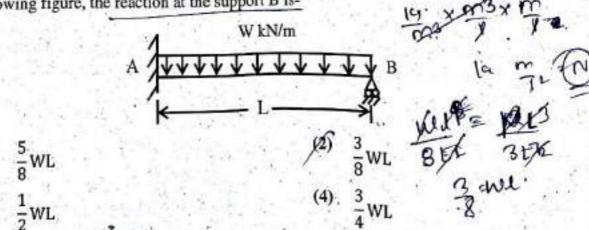
(1) 100 N

(2) 101

(3) 0.1 N

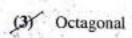
TIN TO TO

94. In the propped cantilever beam carrying a uniformly distributed load of WN/m, shown in the following figure, the reaction at the support B is-



[02]

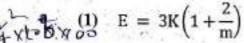
- A queen closer is a-95.
  - Brick laid with its length parallel to the (2) face or direction of wall.
  - Brick having the same length and depth (4) as the other bricks but half the breadth.
- Brick laid with its breadth parallel to the face or direction of wall.
- Brick with half the width at one end and full width at the other.
- The shape of the STOP sign according to IRC: 67-2001 is-96.
  - (1) Circular

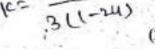




- Triangular
- Rectangular
- The bulk modulus of K, modulus of elasticity E and Poisson's ratio is  $\frac{1}{m}$  then which of the  $V = \frac{E}{3U-2U}$ (2)  $E = 3K\left(1-\frac{1}{m}\right)$ following is true-









 $E = 3K\left(1 - \frac{2}{m}\right)$ 

$$(4) \quad E = 3K\left(1 + \frac{1}{m}\right)$$

A trapezoidal channel is 10.0 m wide at the base and has a side slope of 4 horizontal to 3 vertical. The bed slope is 0.002. The channel is lined with smooth concrete (Manning's N = 0.012). The

hydraulic radius (in m) for a depth of flow of 3 m is-P= 0+27 5 may = (0+243 12+1)



B = 12 (B+B+ orm) 4 1 3 (A)

- For pipes, turbulent flow occurs when Reynolds number is
  - Less than 2000 (1)

Between 2000 and 4000 (2)

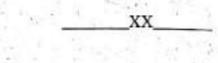
More than 4000

web.

- None of the above
- For a given shear force across a symmetrical 'I' section, the intensity of shear stress is maximum at the-
  - (1) junction of the flange and the web, but on (2)
- junction of the flange and the web, but on the flange.

centroid of the section

extreme fibres



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