NABARD Grade A Syllabus 2024

The NABARD Grade A Prelims Syllabus includes subjects such as reasoning tests, decision making, English language, computer knowledge, general awareness, quantitative aptitude, economic and social issues (with a focus on rural India), and agriculture and rural development. The syllabus for the NABARD Grade A Mains exam will include questions from General English, Economic and Social Issues, Agriculture and Rural Development (ESI & ARD), and stream-specific courses. The Prelims will consist of objective-type questions, whilst the Mains test will have both objective and descriptive-type questions.

NABARD Grade A Syllabus for Prelims

The Prelims test for the NABARD Grade A syllabus differs from the Mains. To be selected for the Grade A position, candidates must have a good mastery of the topics. The NABARD Grade A Prelims syllabus includes courses like reasoning ability, English language, computer knowledge, general awareness, and quantitative aptitude. Let's look at the detailed syllabus contents for each of these subjects below:

Subject	Topic
Reasoning Ability	Puzzles & Seating arrangement
	Syllogism
	Data sufficiency
	Statement based questions (Verbal reasoning)
	Inequality

	Miscellaneous Questions
	Input-Output
	Blood relations
	Coding-Decoding
Quantitative	Data Interpretations
Aptitude	Quadratic Equations
	Number Series
	Simplification/ Approximation
	Data Sufficiency
	Arithmetic Questions
	Quantity Comparisons
	Mathematical Inequalities
English Language	Reading Comprehension
	Cloze test
	Sentence improvement
	Spotting the errors
	Fill in the blanks

	Sentence rearrangement
	Para Jumbles
	New pattern questions
General Awareness	Current Affairs
	Banking and Economy
	Insurance
	Recent appointments, awards, honors
	Sports
	New schemes
	National and international news
	Latest developments in science and technology
Computer	Networking
Knowledge	Input-output devices
	DBMS
	MS Office
	Internet
	History of computers & generations

Shortcuts

NABARD Grade A Syllabus for Mains

The NABARD Grade A mains syllabus includes subject-specific questions, so applicants must be familiar with all relevant areas of the syllabus for the aforementioned disciplines. Phase 2 of the NABARD Grade A exam 2024 consists of two tests: an online objective test and an online descriptive test. The subject-wise breakdown of the mains examination is as follows:

NABARD Grade A Paper 1 English Writing Syllabus

Essay, concise writing, comprehension, and business/office correspondence. The English paper must be structured in such a way that it assesses writing skills, including expression and topic understanding.

NABARD Grade A Paper 2 Syllabus

This paper will address economic and social issues. You must be aware of the precise issues that will be covered in this paper. Here are the names of the topics:

NABARD Grade A Economic & Social Issues Syllabus

This subject will include questions about the nature of the Indian economy, inflation, agriculture, and other topics. Check the specific topic names in the table below and arrange your study accordingly.

Name of Section	Syllabus Topics
Nature of Indian Economy	Structural and Institutional features
Leonomy	Economic Underdevelopment
	Opening up the Indian Economy

	Globalization
	Economic Reforms in India
	Privatization
	Inflation
	Trends in Inflation & their Impact on the National Economy and Individual Income
	Poverty Alleviation and Employment Generation in India
	Rural and Urban
	Measurement of Poverty
	Poverty Alleviation Programmes of the Government
Population Trends	Population Growth and Economic Development
	Population Policy in India
Agriculture	Characteristics / Status
	Technical and Institutional changes in Indian Agriculture
	Agricultural performance

	Issues in Food Security in India
	Non-Institutional and Institutional Agencies in rural credit
Industry	Industrial and Labour Policy
	Industrial performance
	Regional Imbalance in India's Industrial Development
	Public Sector Enterprises
Rural Banking and Financial Institutions	Rural banking and financial institutions in India
	Reforms in the Banking/ Financial sector
Globalization of	Role of International Funding Institutions
Economy	IMF & World Bank
	WTO
	Regional Economic Cooperation
Social Structure in	Multiculturalism
India	Demographic trends
	Urbanization and Migration
	Gender Issues

	Joint family system
Social Infrastructure	Education
	Health and Environment
Education	Status & System of Education
	Socio-Economic Problems associated with Illiteracy
	Educational relevance and educational wastage
	Educational Policy for India
Social Justice	Problems of scheduled castes and scheduled tribes
	Socio-economic programmes for scheduled castes and scheduled tribes and other backward classes
	Positive Discrimination in favor of the underprivileged
Social Movements	Indian Political Systems
	Human Development

NABARD Grade A Agriculture & Rural Development Syllabus

This post's questions will include topics such as agriculture, water resources, soil and water conservation, and plantation. Make sure you don't miss any topics. The NABARD Grade A rural development

syllabus covers the themes and subjects around the methods and concepts connected to development in rural regions, which are described below:

Name of Section	Syllabus Topics
Agriculture	Definition, meaning and its branches
	Agronomy: Definition, meaning, and scope of agronomy
	Classification of field crops
	Factors affecting crop production
	Agro Climatic Zones
	Cropping Systems: Definition and types of cropping systems
	Problems of dry land - Seed production, seed processing, seed village
	Meteorology: weather parameters, crop- weather advisory
	Precision Farming
	System of Crop Intensification
	Organic farming
	Major soil types

Soil and Water Conservation	Soil fertility
	Fertilizers
	Soil erosion
	Soil conservation
	Watershed management
Water Resource	Irrigation Management
	Types of irrigation
	Sources of irrigation
	Crop-water requirement
	Command area development
	Water conservation techniques
	Micro-irrigation
	Irrigation pumps
	Major, medium and minor irrigation
Farm and Agri Engineering	Farm Machinery and Power
Liigilieeriiig	Sources of power on the farm- human, animal, mechanical, electrical, wind, solar and biomass, biofuels

	Water harvesting structures
	Farm Ponds
Agro-Processing	Controlled and modified storage, perishable food storage, godowns, bins, and grain silos
Plantation & Horticulture	Definition, meaning, and branches
Tiorticulture	Agronomic practices and production technology of various plantation and horticulture crops
	Post-harvest management, value, and supply chain management of Plantation and Horticulture crops
Animal Husbandry	Farm animals and their role in the Indian economy
	Animal husbandry methods in India
	Common terms about different species of livestock
	Utility classification of breeds of cattle
	Introduction to common feeds and fodders, their classification, and utility
	Introduction to the poultry industry in India (past, present, and future status)

	Common terms about poultry production and management
	The concept of mixed farming and its relevance to socioeconomic conditions of farmers in India
	Complementary and obligatory nature of livestock and poultry production with that of agricultural farming
Fisheries	Fisheries resources
	Management and exploitation - freshwater, brackish water, and marine
	Aquaculture- Inland and marine
	Biotechnology
	Post-harvest technology
	Importance of fisheries in India
	Common terms about fish production
Forestry	Basic concepts of Forest and Forestry
	Principles of silviculture, forest mensuration, forest management, and forest economics

	Concepts of social forestry, agroforestry, and joint forest management
	Forest policy and legislation in India, India State of Forest Report 2015
	Recent developments under the Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change
Agriculture Extensions	Its importance and role, methods of evaluation of extension programs
	Role of Krishi Vigyan Kendra's (KVK) in disseminating agricultural technologies
Ecology and Climate Change	Ecology and its relevance to man, natural resources, sustainable management, and conservation
	Causes of climate change, Greenhouse Gases (GHG), major GHG emitting countries, climate analysis
	Distinguish between adaptation and mitigation
	Climate change impact on agriculture and rural livelihoods
	Carbon credit
	IPCC, UNFCCC, CoP meetings

	Funding mechanisms for climate change projects
	Initiatives by Govt of India, NAPCC, SAPCC, INDC
Present Scenario of Indian Agriculture and Allied Activities	Recent trends
	Major challenges in agriculture measures to enhance
	Viability of agriculture Factors of Production in agriculture
	Agricultural Finance and Marketing
	Impact of Globalization on Indian Agriculture and issues of Food Security
	Concept and Types of Farm Management
Rural Development	Concept of Rural Area
	Structure of the Indian Rural Economy
	Importance and role of the rural sector in India
	Economic, Social and Demographic Characteristics of the Indian rural economy

Causes of Rural Backwardness

Rural population in India

Occupational structure

Farmers, Agricultural Laborers, Artisans, Handicrafts, Traders, Forest dwellers/tribes and others in rural India

Trends of change in rural population and rural workforce

Problems and conditions of rural labor

Issues and challenges in Hand-looms

Panchayati Raj Institutions – Functions and Working

MGNREGA, NRLM – Aajeevika, Rural Drinking water Programmes, Swachh Bharat, Rural Housing, PURA, and other rural development programs